

科目：英文 適用：中文系三 外文系三 教政系三 國企系三

編號：61E 62E 67E 71E

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

本試題
共 7 頁
第 / 頁

I. Vocabulary: Choose the word or expression closest in meaning to the underlined word. (20%)

1. A truly courageous person bears adversity with equanimity.
(A) blessings (B) success (C) misfortune (D) good fortune
2. Those who are too avid for success may miss some of the joys of life.
(A) apathetic (B) phlegmatic (C) recalcitrant (D) eager
3. Time will eventually condone our transgressions.
(A) pardon (B) condemn (C) denounce (D) castigate
4. The stock market has been burgeoning all over the island.
(A) bypassing (B) thriving (C) buttressing (D) bungling
5. Gold is a ductile metal.
(A) inflexible (B) intractable (C) malleable (D) rigid
6. A desert is an arid region, partly covered by sand, with scanty vegetation.
(A) inferior (B) barely sufficient (C) mixed (D) original
7. Algae serve as food for many small and large animals, thus indirectly providing food for many carnivorous animals.
(A) flesh-eating (B) marine (C) mammal (D) voracious
8. Mostly nocturnal, the bittern eats frogs, fish, and insects.
(A) migratory (B) omnivorous (C) living in marshes (D) active at night
9. New York and Connecticut are contiguous states.
(A) mountainous (B) important (C) outlandish (D) adjacent
10. No one really understood the cryptic warnings the fortune-teller kept muttering.
(A) puzzling (B) exaggerated (C) lurid (D) succinct
11. Did you hear that John has been ousted?
(A) promoted (B) injured (C) forced out (D) shocked
12. John always looks so dapper.
(A) well dressed (B) poorly dressed (C) clean (D) tired
13. Let's stroll through the park.
(A) jog quietly (B) walk slowly (C) run rapidly (D) walk fast
14. The accolades from her teachers made Mary realize the hard work had been worth it.
(A) words of approval (B) good marks (C) smiles (D) laughter
15. Peter, stop pestering your sister.
(A) pinching (B) hitting (C) annoying (D) confusing
16. It began to drizzle.
(A) rain lightly (B) rain hard (C) hail (D) snow
17. Mr. Smith could be described as portly.
(A) thin (B) poor (C) old (D) fat

科目：英文 適用：中文系三 外文系三 教政系三 國企系三

編號：61E 62E 67E 71E

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

本試題
共 2 頁
第 2 頁

18. His clothes were shabby.
(A) worn looking (B) dirty (C) old (D) fresh
19. Climbing Mount Everest was a grueling experience.
(A) an inspiring (B) an exhausting (C) a thought-provoking (D) boring
20. I was impressed with the array of shirts on the counter.
(A) quality (B) quantity (C) price (D) display

II. Vocabulary: Choose the word that correctly completes each sentence. (20%)

21. Margaret Mead _____ fundamental contributions to both the theory and fieldwork of anthropology.
(A) did (B) does (C) made
22. Many universities receive grants to _____ research for the federal government.
(A) do (B) make (C) give
23. A few people have _____ good eyesight that they can actually see the brightest stars during full daylight.
(A) so (B) such (C) too
24. A basketball player may advance the ball by dribbling it or passing it to _____ player.
(A) another (B) other (C) others
25. _____ its acute sense of smell, the bloodhound is often used in tracking.
(A) Because (B) Although (C) Because of
26. Even small _____ of zinc can have a significant effect on the growth of plants.
(A) numbers (B) amounts (C) few
27. Folk artists have _____ or no formal art training.
(A) few (B) little (C) many
28. Around 85 _____ of the bauxite produced in the United States is mined in Arkansas.
(A) percents (B) percentage (C) percent
29. In 1941, nylon was first used to make stockings, and the year _____, it was first used to make toothbrush bristles.
(A) before (B) since (C) ago
30. _____ their light weight, aluminum alloys can be very strong.
(A) Because (B) Despite (C) Although
- ## III. Sentence completion: Choose the one option that correctly completes the sentence. (30%)
31. On the moon, _____ air because the Moon's gravitational field is too weak to retain an atmosphere.
(A) where no (B) there is no (C) is no (D) no

科目：英文 適用：中文系三 外文系三 教政系三 國企系三

編號：61E 62E 67E 71E

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

本試題

共 7 頁

第 3 頁

32. Diamonds are often found in rock formations called pipes, _____ the throats of extinct volcanoes.
 (A) in which they resemble (B) there is a resemblance to
 (C) which resemble (D) they resemble
33. _____ added to a liquid, antifreeze lowers the freezing temperature of that liquid.
 (A) It is (B) That (C) As is (D) When
34. Cattle ranches are found almost _____ in Utah.
 (A) wherever (B) overall (C) everywhere (D) somewhere
35. _____ the United States, the general movement of air masses is from west to east.
 (A) Across (B) To cross (C) It's across (D) They cross
36. Nathaniel Hawthorne wrote four novels, _____ *The Scarlet Letter*, became an American literary classic.
 (A) of which one, (B) which one (C) one of which, (D) one was
37. Roger Williams was a clergyman, _____ the colony of Rhode Island, and an outspoken advocate of religious and political freedom.
 (A) founded (B) the founder of (C) was the founder of (D) he founded
38. The skin temperature of humans is _____ their internal temperature.
 (A) not high as (B) not so high (C) as low (D) lower than
39. Glucose does not have to be digested, _____ it can be put directly into the bloodstream.
 (A) so (B) and since (C) while (D) nor
40. _____ single person can be said to have invented the automobile.
 (A) There was not a (B) Nor a (C) Not one of (D) No
41. People usually can get a sufficient amount of the calcium their bodies _____ from the food they consume.
 (A) need (B) needs (C) needing (D) to need
42. _____ business, a merger is a combination of two or more corporations under one management.
 (A) The (B) At (C) In (D) On
43. Warmth, moisture, and oxygen are three necessary requirements _____ most seedlings.
 (A) for cultivating (B) for cultivate (C) as cultivating (D) can cultivate
44. Using a globe can be _____ it is educational.
 (A) enjoyable (B) to enjoy as (C) as enjoyable (D) as enjoyable as
45. Built at the beginning of the century, the Library of Congress houses one of the largest _____ collections of books in the world.
 (A) and fine (B) and finest (C) or finest (D) yet fine

科目：英文 適用：中文系三 外文系三 教政系三 國企系三

編號：61E 62E 67E 71E

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

本試題

共 7 頁

第 4 頁

III. Reading comprehension. (30%)

Questions 46-51

To date, Canada has produced only one classic children's tale to rank with *Alice's Adventures in Wonderland* and the works of Mark Twain; this was Lucy Maud Montgomery's *Anne of Green Gables*. Lucy Maud Montgomery was born in Clinton, Prince Edward Island. Her mother died soon after her birth, and when her father went to Saskatchewan to assume a business position, she moved in with her grandparents in Cavendish, Prince Edward Island. There she went to school and later qualified to be a teacher.

Montgomery wrote the *Anne* books while living in Cavendish and helping her grandmother at the post office. The first of the books, *Anne of Green Gables*, was published in 1908, and in the next three years she wrote two sequels. Like Montgomery, the heroine of the book is taken in by an elderly couple who lives in the fictional town of Avonlea, and Montgomery incorporated many events from her life in Cavendish into the *Anne* books.

In 1911, Montgomery married Ewan MacDonald and the couple soon moved to Ontario, where she wrote many other books. However, it was her first efforts that secured her prominence, and the *Anne* books are still read all around the world. Her novels have helped create a warm picture of Prince Edward Island's special character. Several movies, a television series, and a musical play have been based on her tales, and today visitors scour the Island for locations described in the book.

46. The main purpose of this passage is to
- (A) introduce Montgomery and her *Anne* books
 - (B) provide a brief introduction to Prince Edward Island
 - (C) contrast Canadian children's literature with that of other countries
 - (D) show the similarities between Montgomery's life and that of the fictional character Anne
47. According to the passage, Montgomery was raised primarily
- (A) in an orphanage
 - (B) by her grandparents
 - (C) by her mother
 - (D) by her father
48. Approximately when did Lucy Maud Montgomery write the two sequels to her book *Anne of Green Gables*?
- (A) From 1874 to 1908
 - (B) From 1908 to 1911
 - (C) From 1911 to 1913
 - (D) From 1913 to 1918

科目：英文 適用：中文系三 外文系三 教政系三 國企系三

編號：61E 62E 67E 71E

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

本試題
共 7 頁
第 5 頁

49. In the *Anne* books, the main character lives in
(A) the town of Cavendish
(B) Saskatchewan
(C) The town of Avonlea
(D) Ontario
50. Which of the following can be concluded from the passage about the *Anne* books?
(A) They were at least partially autobiographical.
(B) They were influenced by the works of Mark Twain.
(C) They were not as successful as Montgomery's later works.
(D) They were not popular until after Montgomery had died.
51. All of the following have been based on the *Anne* books **Except**
(A) a television series
(B) movies
(C) a play
(D) a ballet

Questions 52-55

The concepts of analogy and homology are probably easier to exemplify than to define. When different species are structurally compared, certain features can be described as either analogous or homologous. For example, flight requires certain rigid aeronautical principles of design, yet birds, bats, and insects have all conquered the air. The wings of all three types of animals derive from different embryological structures, but they perform the same functions. In this case, the flight organs of these creatures can be said to be analogous. In contrast, features that arise from the same structures in the embryo but are used in different functions are said to be homologous structures. They are genetically related in the sense that both the forelimb and the wing evolved from the fin.

52. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?
(A) A contrast is drawn between two concepts by means of examples.
(B) A general concept is introduced, examples are given, and a conclusion is offered.
(C) Two definitions of the same concept are compared.
(D) Two proposals are suggested and support for both is offered.
53. According to the passage, the concepts of analogy and homology are
(A) difficult to understand
(B) easier to understand through examples than through definitions
(C) impossible to explain
(D) simple to define but hard to apply

科目：英文 適用：中文系三 外文系三 教政系三 國企系三

編號：61E 62E 67E 71E

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

本試題

共 2 頁

第 6 頁

54. According to the information provided in the passage, which of the following would most probably be considered analogous?

- (A) A shark's fin and a tiger's claws.
- (B) A man's arms and a bird's wings.
- (C) A monkey's tail and an elephant's tail.
- (D) A spider's legs and a horse's legs.

55. According to the passage, one way in which homologous organs differ from analogous organs is that they

- (A) are genetically related
- (B) are only found in highly developed animals
- (C) perform the same general functions
- (D) come from different embryological structures

Questions 56-60

The hippopotamus is the third largest land animal, smaller only than the elephant and the rhinoceros. Its name comes from two Greek words which mean "river horse." The long name of this animal is often shortened to the easier to handle term "hippo."

The hippo has a natural affinity for the water. It does not float on top of the water; instead, it can easily walk along the bottom of a body of water. The hippo commonly remains underwater for three to five minutes and has been known to stay under for up to half an hour before coming up for air.

In spite of its name, the hippo has relatively little in common with the horse and instead has a number of interesting similarities in common with the whale. When a hippo comes up after a stay at the bottom of a lake or river, it releases air through a blowhole, just like a whale. In addition, the hippo resembles the whale in that they both have thick layers of blubber for protection and they are almost completely hairless.

56. The topic of this passage is

- (A) the largest land animals
- (B) the derivations of animal names
- (C) the characteristics of the hippo
- (D) the relation between the hippo and the whale

57. It can be inferred from the passage that the rhinoceros is

- (A) smaller than the hippo
- (B) equal in size to the elephant
- (C) a hybrid of the hippo and the elephant
- (D) one of the two largest types of land animals

國立暨南國際大學九十四學年度轉學生入學考試試題

第4節

科目：英文 適用：中文系三 外文系三 教政系三 國企系三

編號：61E 62E 67E 71E

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

本試題

共 7 頁

第 7 頁

58. It can be inferred from the passage that the hippopotamus is commonly called a hippo because the word "hippo" is
- (A) simpler to pronounce
 - (B) scientifically more accurate
 - (C) the original name
 - (D) easier for the animal to recognize
59. According to the passage, what is the maximum time that hippos have been known to stay underwater?
- (A) Three minutes
 - (B) Five minutes
 - (C) Thirty minutes
 - (D) Ninety minutes
60. The passage states that one way in which a hippo is similar to a whale is that
- (A) they both live on the bottoms of rivers
 - (B) they both have blowholes
 - (C) they are both named after horses
 - (D) they both breathe underwater