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3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

I. Choose the best word for each blank to complete the following sentences:
(30 points, 2 points each)

1. Food, clothing and shelter are all _____ of life.
(A) statements (B) editions (C) memories (D) necessities
2. Current hiring policies in Taiwan seek to _____ equal employment opportunities for women and minority groups.
(A) demand (B) stop (C) confirm (D) provide
3. We need to choose a new _____ for our product.
(A) slogan (B) signature (C) phrase (D) statement
4. The president spent \$50 million on his election _____.
(A) charge (B) sport (C) course (D) campaign
5. He fell into a deep _____ after an exhausting work.
(A) drama (B) mystery (C) slumber (D) plague
6. This price is my _____; I refuse to lower it any further.
(A) maximum (B) minimum (C) manners (D) minister
7. The chairman said, "We shall continue the discussion after the _____."
(A) design (B) despise (C) recess (D) excess
8. With more cars on the road, traffic jams are _____.
(A) necessary (B) inevitable (C) graceful (D) relative
9. I _____ all of my success to the excellent teachers I had in school.
(A) huddle (B) refund (C) distribute (D) attribute
10. She came out of the accident without a _____.
(A) scratch (B) scold (C) slaughter (D) screen
11. John's uncle is a _____ painter. His paintings are sold in many countries.
(A) renowned (B) realistic (C) reliable (D) regular
12. We all have our dreams, but we do not all _____ our dreams.
(A) remove (B) constitute (C) propose (D) fulfill
13. Histories are more full of examples of the _____ of dogs than of friends.
(A) structure (B) lecture (C) fidelity (D) solubility
14. If the firm's income is greater than its expenditure, it will make a _____.
(A) debate (B) profit (C) impairment (D) disaster
15. Looking at old photographs would always _____ memories of happy times.
(A) reduce (B) evoke (C) adapt (D) eliminate

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編號：10E 11E 13E 14E 15E 16E 17E 18E 20E 21E 31E
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II. Read the following paragraphs and choose the best word for each blank to complete the paragraphs: (30 points, 2 points each)

Paragraph 1: Long, long ago, there 1 a lovely Princess in a big palace. One day, while she 2 with her golden ball, it 3 into a well. She 4 to cry. Then she 5 a voice 6 to her, "Lovely Princess, why are you crying?" It was a frog's voice! The Princess told the frog what 7. The frog said he 8 back the ball to her, but she must 9 to share her things with him. The Princess 10 happy and promised to do so.

1. (A) was living (B) lived (C) has lived (D) live
2. (A) is playing (B) played (C) has played (D) was playing
3. (A) falls (B) was falling (C) fell (D) has fallen
4. (A) begin (B) began (C) has begun (D) is beginning
5. (A) hears (B) heard (C) is hearing (D) was hearing
6. (A) say (B) says (C) has said (D) saying
7. (A) had happened (B) was happening (C) happens (D) has happened
8. (A) will be able to bring (B) could have brought (C) can bring (D) could bring
9. (A) promised (B) promise (C) to promise (D) have promised
10. (A) is (B) was (C) would be (D) will be

Paragraph 2: A psychologist says he may have hit 11 something that could revolutionize parenthood – a way to stop babies 12 crying. Infants will stop crying when they hear a recording of their own wails, says Dr. Russell D. Clark III of Florida State University. "It's incredible that an infant as young as 20 hours can discriminate his own cry 13 that of another, especially when many adults don't recognize their own voices 14 tape," the psychologist said 15 an interview Tuesday.

11. (A) in (B) upon (C) from (D) with
12. (A) in (B) upon (C) from (D) with
13. (A) in (B) upon (C) from (D) with
14. (A) before (B) on (C) at (D) with
15. (A) in (B) with (C) on (D) upon

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III. Read the following article and choose a correct answer for the questions below:
(40 points, 4 points each)

Birds are alike in many ways. All of them are vertebrates because they have backbones. All birds have two wings and two legs. All birds have feathers and lungs. Birds are warm-blooded. Warm-blooded means "their bodies are warm even when the weather is cold."

Some birds, like ostrich, are taller and heavier than a person. Some are very small like the hummingbird. Some hummingbirds are the length of a person's finger. Many birds, such as swallows and ducks, are good flyers. Some birds can not fly at all. The penguin's wings cannot lift the penguin off the ground. There are many different kinds of birds.

The outer feathers of birds form a smooth covering for their bodies. The down feathers next to their bodies help to keep in body-heat. Their wing feathers are used for flying. Their tail feathers help them in balancing or in steering. Not only does each feather type have a purpose, but the feathers can be replaced. Birds usually shed their old, worn-out feathers in the fall and grow a new set. Shedding of feathers is known as molting.

Birds weigh very little because their bones are thin-walled and hollow. Their feathers are also very light. Flying birds have powerful muscles attached to the breastbone. The bodies of most birds are built for flying.

Birds' egg must be kept warm. The baby bird grows inside the egg, eating up the food stored in the egg. By the time the food is used up, the bird fills the whole egg. Then it comes out of the egg, or hatches. All birds develop in eggs. Large birds, such as ostriches, lay eggs that are often as large as six inches long. Tiny birds, such as hummingbirds, lay eggs that are each only a quarter of an inch long.

Certain birds serve as symbols. For example, many people regard the owl as a symbol of wisdom. The dove is often a symbol of peace. The eagle can be a symbol of political and military power. The bald eagle, which lives only in North America, is the national symbol of the United States.

1. The main idea of paragraph 1 is
 - (A) All birds have feathers and lungs.
 - (B) Birds are alike in many ways.
 - (C) Birds are warm-blooded.
 - (D) All birds have two wings and two legs.

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2. The word "vertebrate" (line 1) means

- (A) having feathers
- (B) having legs
- (C) having a tail
- (D) having a spine

3. The main idea of paragraph 2 is

- (A) Some birds, like the ostrich, are taller and heavier than a person.
- (B) The penguin's wings cannot lift the penguin off the ground.
- (C) There are many different kinds of birds.
- (D) Many birds, such as swallows and ducks, are good flyers.

4. The main idea of paragraph 3 is:

- (A) Not only does each feather type have a purpose, but the feathers can be replaced.
- (B) Shedding of feathers is known as molting.
- (C) Their wing feathers are used for flying.
- (D) Their tail feathers help them in balancing or in steering.

5. The main idea of paragraph 4 is:

- (A) Birds weigh very little because their bones are thin-walled and hollow.
- (B) Their feathers are also very light.
- (C) The bodies of most birds are built for flying.
- (D) Flying birds have powerful muscles attached to the breastbone.

6. The main idea of paragraph 5 is:

- (A) All birds develop in eggs.
- (B) Birds' egg must be kept warm.
- (C) Tiny birds, such as hummingbirds, lay eggs that are each only a quarter of an inch long.
- (D) Large birds, such as ostriches, lay eggs that are often as large as six inches long.

7. The main idea of paragraph 6 is:

- (A) The dove is often a symbol of peace.
- (B) Certain birds serve as symbols.
- (C) The eagle can be a symbol of political and military power.
- (D) The bald eagle, which lives only in North America, is the national symbol of the United States.

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8. According to the article, which of the following statements is wrong?

- (A) All birds have feathers and lungs.
- (B) Hummingbirds are very small.
- (C) The baby bird grows inside the egg.
- (D) Birds usually shed their old, worn-out feathers in the spring and grow a new set.

9. Which of the following birds is regarded as the symbol of wisdom?

- (A) The ostrich
- (B) The dove
- (C) The owl
- (D) The penguin

10. Birds can fly because

- (A) their bones are thin-walled and hollow.
- (B) their feathers are very light.
- (C) they have powerful muscles attached to the breastbone.
- (D) all statements above (A,B and C) are correct.