

科目：社會政策與社會工作

編號：001

考生注意：

1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分。
3. 限用藍、黑色筆作答；試題須隨卷繳回。

本試題

共 1 頁

第 1 頁

## 一、簡答題（40%，每小題 10 分）

1. 請說明「生命終結決定」(end-of-life decisions) 的倫理困境。
2. 請說明新自由主義 (neo-liberalism) 對社會工作實務的影響。
3. 何謂社會住宅 (social housing)？對當前台灣社會的意義為何？
4. 請以老人福利為例，說明當前台灣的社會福利分工？

## 二、請說明下面這段文章的要義，並簡要評論之。（10 分）

I argue that the activist and emancipatory aims of critical social theory and critical social work require careful reflection for social work and its future direction. I do not debate the merit of critical social work but rather take the position that all social work must be critical. As a 'profession' concerned with inequality, marginalization and oppression, I agree with Mullaly (2007, p. 252) that antioppressive approaches, stemming from critical theories, are essential to addressing social problems that stem from the oppression of subordinate groups. Accepting the notion that it is 'inconceivable that "critical" social work could avoid the personal-political link' (Ife et al., 2004, p. 3), I argue that social work must bring this 'critical' position to public discourse. As noted by Mullaly (2007, p. 346), 'there is no neutral political ground in social work'.

(資料來源：MacKinnon, S. T. (2009). Social work intellectuals in the twenty-first century: Critical social theory, critical social work and public engagement. *Social Work Education*, 28, 5, 512-527.)

## 三、請用一種社會福利理論觀點或意識型態說明你對「特種貨物及勞務稅條例」(奢侈稅)的見解。(請說明該社會福利理論觀點或意識型態的重要主張) (25分)

## 四、何謂復原力 (resiliency)？復原力包含哪些面向？請以某一服務對象 (例如老人、青少年、兒童、婦女、原住民族) 為例，說明如何運用復原力協助服務對象？服務對象有哪些復原力？ (25分)