

# 國立暨南國際大學九十二學年度碩士班研究生入學考試試題

第 4 節英文 適用：(中文所 10E 比較所 11E 外文所文學組 13E 外文所語言組 14E 歷史所 15E 公行所 16E 教政所 17E 東南所 18E 成教所 19E 輔導與諮商所 20E 國企所一般生 31E 經濟所 32E 財金所 34E ) (本試題共 13 頁，第 1 頁)

考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(餘詳詳閱試場規則)

請依下列格式於答案本上編號作答

答案本第一頁

## I. Structure and Written Expression

1. ( )
2. ( )
3. ( )
4. ( )
5. ( )
6. ( )
7. ( )
8. ( )
9. ( )
10. ( )
11. ( )
12. ( )
13. ( )
14. ( )
15. ( )

答案本第二頁

## II. Reading Comprehension

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| 16. ( ) | 41. ( ) |
| 17. ( ) | 42. ( ) |
| 18. ( ) | 43. ( ) |
| 19. ( ) | 44. ( ) |
| 20. ( ) | 45. ( ) |
| 21. ( ) | 46. ( ) |
| 22. ( ) | 47. ( ) |
| 23. ( ) | 48. ( ) |
| 24. ( ) | 49. ( ) |
| 25. ( ) | 50. ( ) |
| 26. ( ) | 51. ( ) |
| 27. ( ) | 52. ( ) |
| 28. ( ) | 53. ( ) |
| 29. ( ) | 54. ( ) |
| 30. ( ) | 55. ( ) |
| 31. ( ) | 56. ( ) |
| 32. ( ) | 57. ( ) |
| 33. ( ) | 58. ( ) |
| 34. ( ) | 59. ( ) |
| 35. ( ) | 60. ( ) |
| 36. ( ) | 61. ( ) |
| 37. ( ) | 62. ( ) |
| 38. ( ) | 63. ( ) |
| 39. ( ) | 64. ( ) |
| 40. ( ) | 65. ( ) |

答案本第三頁

## III. Translation

- 66.
- 67.
- 68.
- 69.

# 國立暨南國際大學九十二學年度碩士班研究生入學考試試題

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考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(餘詳詳閱試場規則)

## I. Structure and Written Expression (30%; 2% each)

**Directions:** Questions 1-7 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or expressions, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Write your answer on the separate answer sheets.

1. It is essential \_\_\_\_\_ here on time.  
(A) that you are (B) that you be (C) that we are (D) that is
2. \_\_\_\_\_ annoys me most about the city are the rude manners of so many strangers you encounter on the street.  
(A) Where (B) Why (C) When (D) What
3. New Orleans, \_\_\_\_\_ has many great restaurants, is one of my favorite cities.  
(A) that (B) who (C) where (D) which
4. Although John and Jim are twins, they don't look that much \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) like (B) unlike (C) alike (D) liking
5. \_\_\_\_\_ the Chinese calendar is based on the lunar cycle, the Chinese New Year falls on a different date in the Western calendar each year.  
(A) For the reason (B) Due to (C) Because (D) Consequently
6. \_\_\_\_\_ of evolution involves the concept of survival of the fittest, often called natural selection.  
(A) That the theory (B) Of the theory (C) The theory (D) Theories
7. In the \_\_\_\_\_ years, my old computer will become obsolete.  
(A) few next (B) a few next (C) next few (D) some next

**Directions:** In questions 8-15, each sentence has four underlined words or phrases marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Identify the part that must be changed in order for the sentence to be grammatically correct. Do not provide corrections. Write your answer on the separate answer sheets.

8. There are always a lot of untrue news spread on the stock exchange market during inflation or economic depression.  
(A) (B) (C) (D)

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考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(欲詳閱試場規則)

9. Evidence indicates that the average mathematical level of students from the  
(A) (B)  
Oriental countries is higher than those of American students.  
(C) (D)
10. Chopsticks, often offer to customers in Chinese restaurants here, take some  
(A) (B) (C)  
Americans a while to learn how to use.  
(D)
11. Never before had I saw such a beautiful sunset as the one we spotted yesterday  
(A) (B) (C)  
while we were walking home from the game.  
(D)
12. The students in the dormitory were forbidden, unless they had special passes,  
(A) (B) (C)  
from staying out after 11:30 P.M.  
(D)
13. Health authorities estimate that as many as 60 percents of all patients in America  
(A) (B)  
suffer from psychological stress rather than specific illnesses.  
(C) (D)
14. The company I work for will pay for my MBA as long as I get accepted to one of  
(A) (B) (C)  
top schools in the country.  
(D)
15. Although some teachers are superior in quality from others, the success of a class  
(A) (B)  
depends to a great extent on what the students do.  
(C) (D)

## II. Reading Comprehension (50%; 1% each)

**Directions:** Read each of the following six passages carefully. Select the best answer to each of the fifty questions. Write your answer on the separate answer sheets.

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考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(餘詳詳閱試場規則)

Thomas A. Edison is widely regarded as one of the most important inventors of all time. His discovery of the electric light is what he is most renowned for, but he is also credited with the invention of the phonograph and the movie camera, among a host of other important discoveries.

- (5) Edison has been referred to as a child prodigy, having begun work on his first inventions at the tender age of twelve. His family was not at all affluent, so even as a youngster, he had to take whatever odd jobs he could find. During his childhood, he worked as a newspaper salesman on the trains to Detroit which ran from his hometown. It was on these endless journeys that Edison became familiar with the telegraph. He felt, however, that there must be a more expedient way to send messages, so he set out to discover a new and better way to communicate.

- (10) One of Edison's first discoveries, and the very first one for which he received a patent, was an electronic method for election vote counting. The young man was intensely excited about the prospects of his invention and knew that it could greatly speed up the election counting process. Sadly, though, he could not get the needed support to make his first major invention a hit. He went all the way to Washington with it, but nobody seemed willing to fully buy into his idea.

- (20) Remaining confident, Edison was not deterred but viewed the incident as a lesson. He realized that to make successful inventions, he had to appeal to the public, and especially to those with purchasing power. That is, unless he found an audience for his inventions, all of his great ideas would gradually vanish and be forgotten.

16. The best title for the passage would be \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Edison's Failures  
(B) The Unfailing Determination of Edison  
(C) The Greatest Inventor Who Ever Lived  
(D) Who Invented Electricity?

17. In line 2, the word "renowned" is similar in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) respected (B) feared (C) scandalized (D) famous

18. In line 4, the word "host" means \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) a greeter (B) a problem (C) a lot of (D) a mirage

19. From the reading, one can say that Edison's family was \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) affluent (B) well-to-do (C) upper class (D) struggling financially

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考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(餘詳詳閱試場規則)

20. Edison learned about the telegraph \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) by reading brochures (B) through a friend  
(C) while working on the trains (D) in a letter

21. Which of the following is NOT a true statement?

- (A) People best remember Edison for his invention of the electric light.  
(B) Edison's electronic method for election voting was received very favorably by the national government.  
(C) Edison had a wide range of jobs.  
(D) Some of Edison's inventions went unrecognized while others changed the world.

22. As a youngster, Edison was ~~seen as being~~ \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) very disobedient (B) advanced for his age  
(C) lazy (D) mentally disturbed

23. The word "hit" in line 16 could best be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) blow (B) electronic method for vote counting  
(C) slap (D) success

How one views "time" often depends on one's cultural background. That is, the definitions of what is considered to be "late" or "on time" or even "early" can greatly vary from one region or group of people to another. Thus, it is important to know what a country's basic manners or attitudes are about acceptable time before moving to a foreign country.

One thing is for sure: every nation places an emphasis on time in one regard or another. This can be seen through the myriad proverbs and expressions almost every culture has regarding time. Some of the American ones are so common they have become clichés: "Time is money," "My, how time flies," "Time waits for no one," "Time marches on," and so on.

You will seldom go into an American's home that is not full of various styles, sizes, and shapes of clocks. Nor are you likely to encounter an American who is not wearing a watch. Still, within the country, you will no doubt meet people with varying attitudes towards punctuality. While one person might become very irate if you are ten or fifteen minutes late for an appointment, another person may consider thirty minutes or more perfectly acceptable and not tardy at all. But, as is true of



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考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(餘詳詳閱試場規則)

most customs, it is far better to be safe than sorry; it's hard to go wrong if you yourself arrive as close as possible to the designated time.

24. The best title for the passage would be \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Time Waits for No Man.
- (B) My, How Time Flies!
- (C) The Importance of Time in a Culture.
- (D) Being Late Is a Sign of Bad Manners.

25. The best synonym for "on time" is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) early
- (B) punctual
- (C) hurriedly
- (D) hastily

26. According to the author, \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) many cultures don't care about time
- (B) one can never be too sorry
- (C) one can never be too late
- (D) all cultures have an attitude about time

27. This passage would most likely appear in \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) an American history textbook
- (B) a cross-cultural studies book
- (C) a literature textbook
- (D) a psychology textbook

28. From this passage, one can infer that a "cliché" is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) an overused expression
- (B) an approach to time
- (C) a new and trendy term
- (D) an ancient saying

29. Within the boundaries of the United States, there seem(s) to be \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) a general consensus about lateness
- (B) no tolerance for tardiness
- (C) many diverse attitudes about time
- (D) few people who are punctual

30. The author's advice about time is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) go early, stay late
- (B) waste not, want not
- (C) better late than sorry
- (D) try to be on time

31. The expression "time flies" refers to time \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) passing quickly
- (B) standing still
- (C) running out
- (D) being up in the air

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考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(除請詳閱試場規則)

32. The word "irate" in line 14 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) embarrassed (B) disappointed (C) uneasy (D) angry

Pontiac's Rebellion symbolized the Ottawa Indians' unwillingness to accept British rule at the end of the French and Indian Wars. Also known as Pontiac's Conspiracy, the movement was named after one of its leaders, Pontiac.

- (5) Whereas some of the Indians had formed allegiances with French Jesuit priests who had befriended them, they were far more suspicious of the British soldiers. For instance, many of the Frenchmen had provided all sorts of things, from food to ammunition, to some of the Indians after the war, while the British were not willing to give them anything. Thus, in 1763 a group of Indian leaders met on the shores of the Ecorse River near what is now Detroit, Michigan, to contemplate their next move.
- (10) They planned to launch a secret attack on the British fort set up nearby; however, this was disclosed to British major Henry Glawdwin, who suppressed the attack.

- (15) Over the next two and a half years, Pontiac led his warriors into several battles against British in the area. Sometimes they were victorious, other times not. In the end, failing to gain as much support from the French as they had assumed that they could count on, Pontiac and his Ottawa Indians were forced to sign a treaty with the opponents, but were subsequently pardoned by the English.

33. Which of the following is NOT true about Pontiac's Conspiracy?

- (A) It was led by a Native American.  
(B) It had some successes.  
(C) It was a dismal failure from the start.  
(D) It received some weapons from the French.

34. The battles mentioned in the passage were fought in which state?

- (A) Pontiac (B) Ottawa (C) Michigan (D) Detroit

35. Pontiac's Rebellion primarily involved the \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Ottawa Indians (B) Glawdwin's soldiers  
(C) British Turncoats (D) French invaders

36. At the end of the invasion, Pontiac was \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) executed by the British (B) assassinated by the Indians  
(C) given a pardon (D) forced to apologize to the British and French

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考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(餘詳詳閱試場規則)

37. One of the reasons given for the failure of the rebellion was that \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) the Indians were poorly trained
- (B) the Indians had overestimated the help they would receive from the French
- (C) the Indians had no ammunition
- (D) the British and French were working together

People are often surprised to learn just how long some varieties of trees can live. If asked to estimate the age of the oldest living trees on Earth, they often come up with guesses in the neighborhood of two or perhaps three hundred years. The real answer is considerably larger than that, more than five thousand years.

- (5) The tree that wins the prize for its considerable maturity is the bristlecone pine of California. This venerable pine predates wonders of the ancient world such as the pyramids of Egypt, the Hanging Gardens of Babylon, and the Colossus of Rhodes. It is not nearly as tall as the giant redwood that is also found in California, and in fact it is actually not very tall compared with many other trees, often little more than five
- (10) meters in height. This relatively short height may be one of the factors that aid the bristlecone pine in living to a ripe old age—high winds and inclement weather cannot easily reach the shorter trees and cause damage. An additional factor that contributes to the long life of the bristlecone pine is that this type of tree has a high percentage of resin, which prevents rot from developing in the tree trunk and
- (15) branches.

38. The best title for this passage would be \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) The Size of the Bristlecone Pine
- (B) Three-Hundred-Year-Old Forests
- (C) The Wonders of the Ancient World
- (D) An Amazingly Enduring Tree

39. The word "estimate" in line 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) measure
- (B) approximate
- (C) evaluate
- (D) view

40. The expression "in the neighborhood of" in line 3 could best be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) of approximately
- (B) on the same block as
- (C) with the friendliness of
- (D) located close to



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考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。  
2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。  
3. 試題隨卷繳回。(餘詳詳閱試場規則)

41. It can be inferred from the passage that most people \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) are quite accurate in their estimates of the ages of trees  
 (B) have two to three hundred trees in their neighborhoods  
 (C) do not really have any idea how old the oldest trees on Earth are  
 (D) can name some three-hundred-year-old trees
42. According to the passage, approximately how old are the oldest trees on Earth?  
 (A) Two hundred years old (B) Three hundred years old  
 (C) Five hundred years old (D) Five thousand years old
43. The word "venerable" in line 6 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) ancient (B) incredible (C) towering (D) unrecognizable
44. The author mentions the Egyptian pyramids as an example of something that is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) far away (B) believed to be strong  
 (C) extremely tall (D) known to be old
45. Which of the following is true about the bristlecone pine?  
 (A) It is as tall as the great pyramids.  
 (B) It is never more than five meters in height.  
 (C) It is short in comparison to many other trees.  
 (D) It can be two to three hundred feet tall.
46. The word "inclement" in line 11 could best be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) sunny (B) bad (C) unusual (D) strong
47. The passage states that resin \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) assists the tree trunks to develop  
 (B) is found only in the bristlecone pine  
 (C) flows from the branches to the tree trunk  
 (D) helps stop rot from starting

The hippopotamus is the third largest land animal, smaller only than the elephant and the rhinoceros. Its name comes from two Greek words which mean "river horse." The long name of this animal is often shortened to be easier to handle term "hippo."

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考生注意: 1. 依次序作答, 只要標明題號, 不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上, 否則不予計分, 並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷撤回。(檢閱詳閱試場規則)

- (5) The hippo has a natural affinity for the water. It does not float on top of the water; instead, it can easily walk along the bottom of a body of water. The hippo commonly remains underwater for three to five minutes and has been known to stay under for up to half an hour before coming up for air.

- (10) In spite of its name, the hippo has relatively little in common with the horse and instead has a number of interesting similarities in common with the whale. When a hippo comes up after a stay at the bottom of a lake or river, it releases air through a blowhole, just like a whale. In addition, the hippo resembles the whale in that they both have thick layers of blubber for protection and they are almost completely hairless.

48. The topic of the passage is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) the largest land animal  
 (B) the derivations of animal names  
 (C) the characteristics of the hippo  
 (D) the relation between the hippo and the whale
49. It can be inferred from the passage that the rhinoceros is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) smaller than the hippo  
 (B) equal in size to the elephant  
 (C) a hybrid of the hippo and the elephant  
 (D) one of the two largest types of land animals
50. The possessive "Its" in line 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) hippopotamus (B) elephant (C) rhinoceros (D) horse
51. It can be inferred from the passage that the hippopotamus is commonly called a hippo because the word "hippo" is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) simpler to pronounce  
 (B) scientifically more accurate  
 (C) the original name  
 (D) easier for the animal to recognize
52. The word "float" in line 5 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) sink (B) drift (C) eat (D) flap
53. According to the passage, what is the maximum time that hippos have been known to stay underwater?  
 (A) Three minutes (B) Five minutes  
 (C) Thirty minutes (D) Ninety minutes

# 國立暨南國際大學九十二學年度碩士班研究生入學考試試題

第 4 節英文 適用：(中文所 10E 比較所 11E 外文所文學組 13E 外文所語言組 14E 歷史所 15E 公行所 16E 教政所 17E 東南所 18E 成教所 19E 輔導與諮商所 20E 國企所一般生 31E 經濟所 32E 財金所 34E ) (本試題共 13 頁，第 11 頁)

考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上，否則不予計分，並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(除請詳閱試場規則)

54. The expression "has relatively little in common" in line 9 could best be replaced by \_\_\_\_.
- (A) has few interactions — (B) is not normally found  
(C) has minimal experience (D) shares few similarities
55. The passage states that one way in which a hippo is similar to a whale is that \_\_\_\_.
- (A) they both live on the bottoms of rivers  
(B) they both have blowholes  
(C) they are both named after horses  
(D) they both breathe underwater
56. The word "blubber" in line 13 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.
- (A) fat (B) metal (C) water (D) skin
57. The passage states that the hippo does not \_\_\_\_.
- (A) like water (B) resemble the whale  
(C) have a protective coating (D) have much hair

Of all organs in the body, perhaps the most mysterious one is the brain. Scientists, physicians, and psychologists have often been at odds about how the brain functions. Still, today we do know that not only is the brain the center of the nervous system, it is considered the seat of one's emotions, memory, and ideas as well.

(5) In the past, it was popular for both doctors and laymen to often talk about the left and right hemispheres of the brain, as if each had very specifically assigned functions. Today, this is not considered nearly as cut and dried as it once was. That is to say, we now know much more than we did a decade ago, and realize that though each area of the brain is associated with certain skills or functions, no one particular area of the brain is thought of as fully responsible for one specific function.

(10) In very loose terminology, the right hemisphere of the brain controls the left side of the body (the arm, leg, hand, etc.); likewise, the left hemisphere controls the right side of the body. In general, it is believed that the left hemisphere primarily controls language learning skills, and the right side controls creative activities. One reason, however, that there is much less emphasis on whether a person is considered to be "right-" or "left-brained" is that there is such an overlap in these areas. For example,

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3. 試題隨卷收回。(餘詳詳閱試場規則)

a person who is greatly skilled at language learning may also be highly creative or imaginative, or possess musical ability, which is considered to be "right-brained"

(20) also.

Much has been learned about the functioning of the brain through recent medical and scientific research on the subject, and by studying brain-damaged patients. And from these studies, great strides have been made in treating patients with epilepsy, brain tumors, and a host of other brain disorders and diseases. Still, the brain is a great unknown in myriad ways, and remains one of the most challenging and fascinating areas in the medical field.

(25)

58. The best choice of a title for this passage is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) How We Think (B) Left or Right Brain: Which Is Better?  
(C) The Mystery of the Brain (D) What Makes Us Smarter?

59. In line 2, the term "at odds" means \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) an even chance (B) in dialogue (C) in disagreement (D) in debate

60. One can assume that the term "laymen" in line 6 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) physicians (B) researchers (C) scientists (D) none of the above

61. Which of the following is NOT true about the brain?

- (A) It must be cut and dried.  
(B) There are many unknowns about it.  
(C) Each of its areas is associated with certain functions or skills.  
(D) Specialists in the field have disagreements among each other about it.

62. The word "subject" in line 22 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) a brain-damaged patient (B) brain functions  
(C) treating patients (D) brain disorders

63. In the past, one often assumed that someone who could speak several languages was highly \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) right-brained (B) balanced (C) left-brained (D) even-handed

64. One can infer from the reading that much progress has been made in all of the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) solving the mysteries of the brain  
(B) improving the lives of epileptics  
(C) advancements in removing brain tumors  
(D) treating many neurological disorders

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65. The word "myriad" in line 25 means \_\_\_\_\_.

(A) multiple

(B) divided

(C) restricted

(D) brilliant

## III. Translation (20%; 5% each)

**Directions:** Translate the following into English. Write your answer on the separate answer sheets.

66. 我父親回到家的時候，我妹妹正在彈鋼琴。

67. 他明年大學一畢業就回德國去。

68. 《傲慢與偏見》(Pride and Prejudice) 是她最喜歡的小說；她百看不厭。

69. 我們要感謝所有幫助我們度過這個難關的人。

試

題